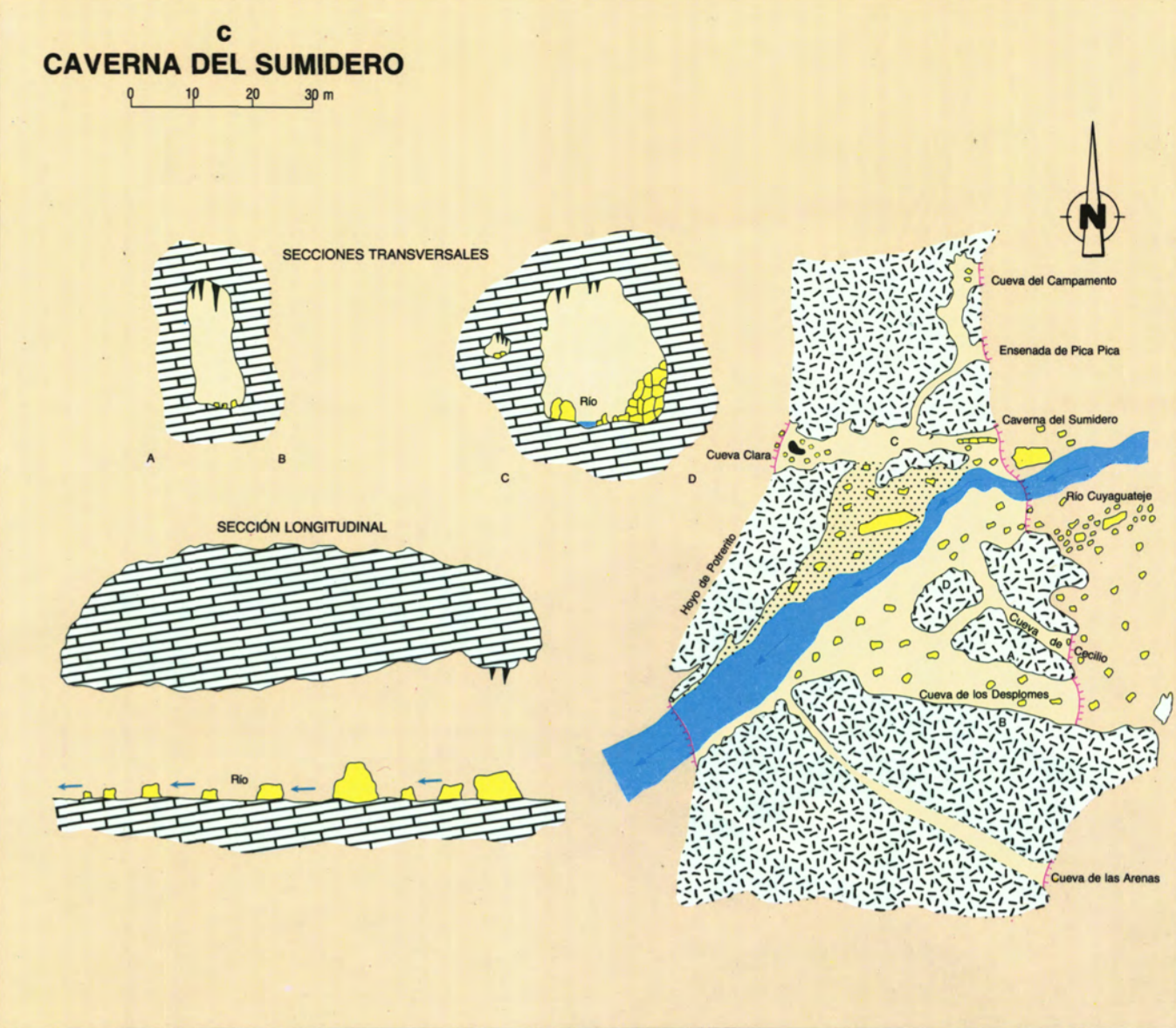
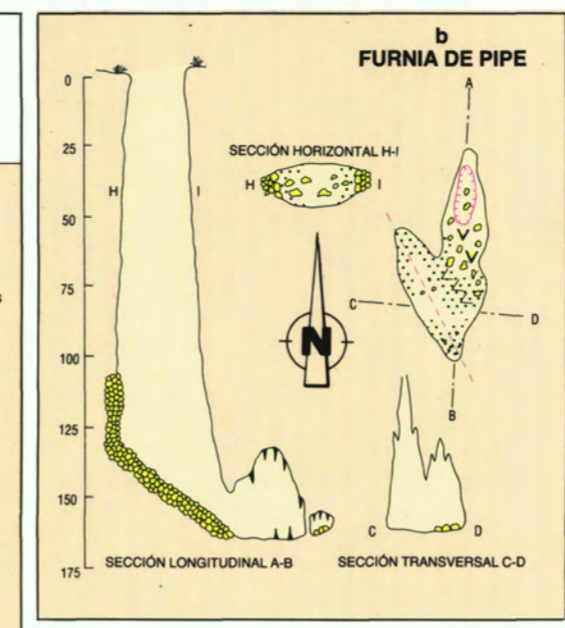
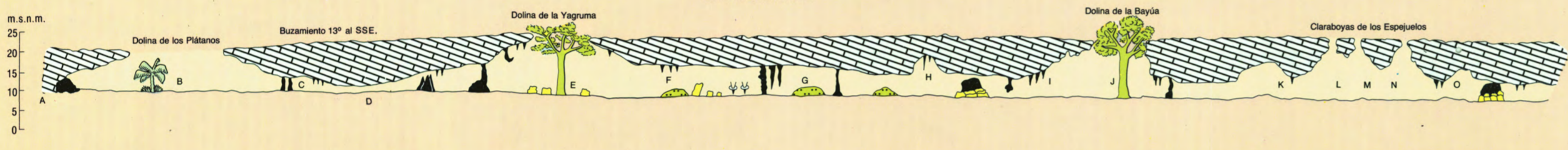


2 FENÓMENOS CÁRSICOS NOTABLES. TIPOS DE CUEVAS.

Autor: A. Núñez Jiménez

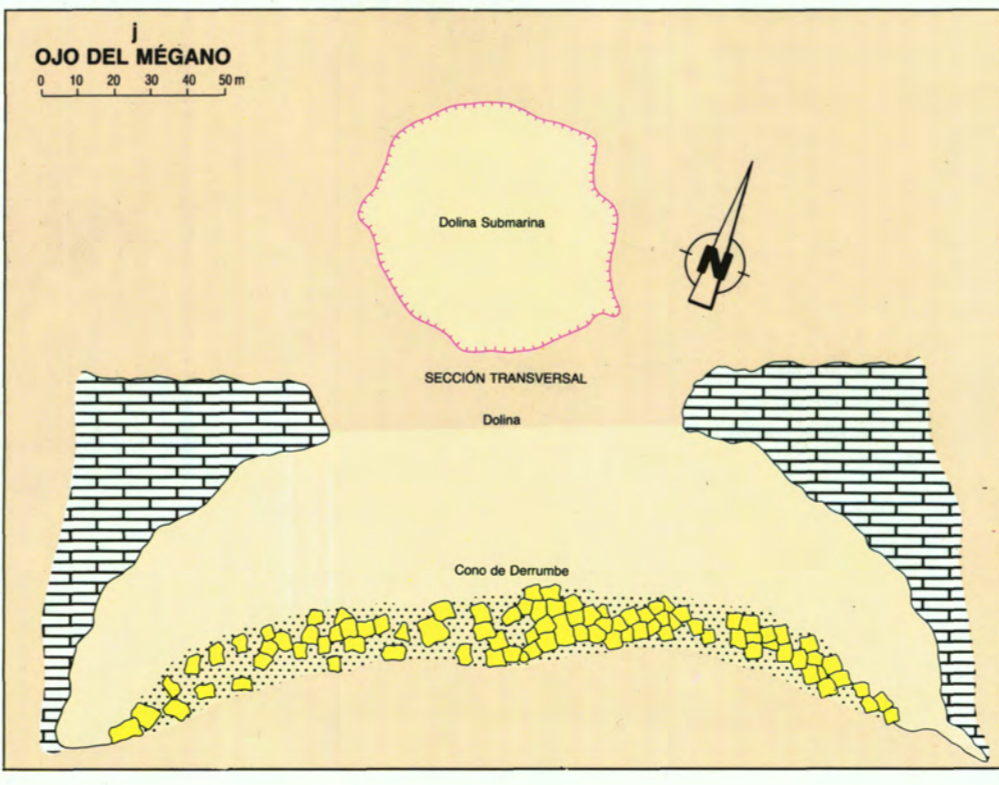
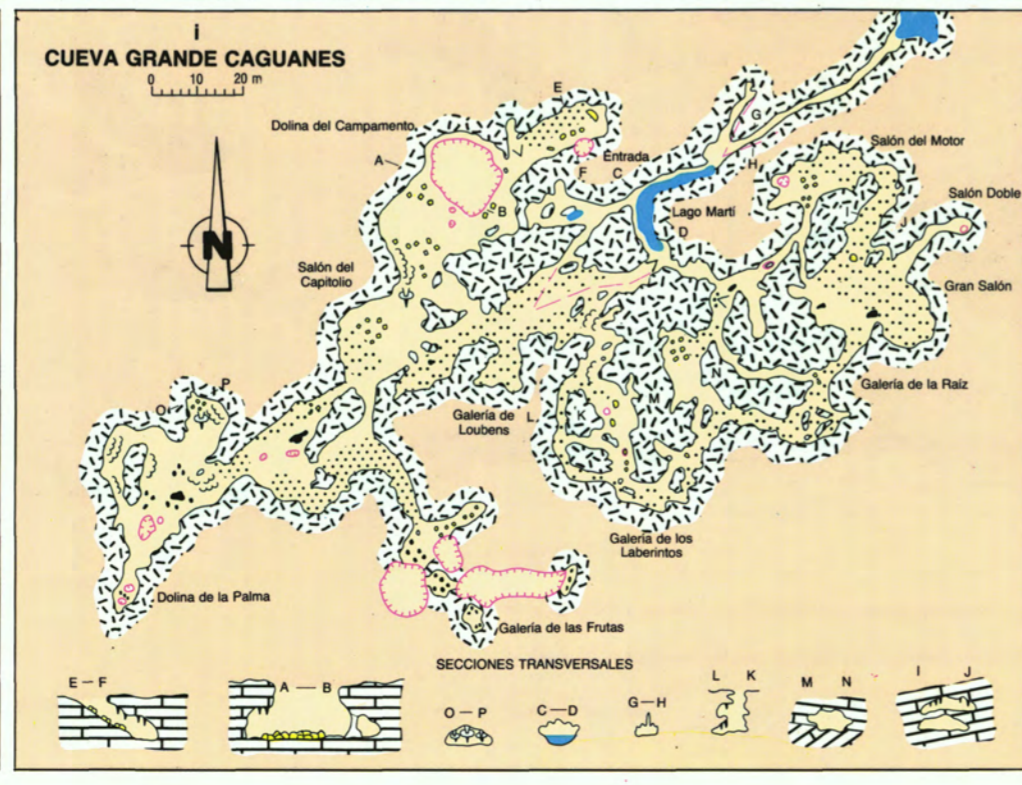
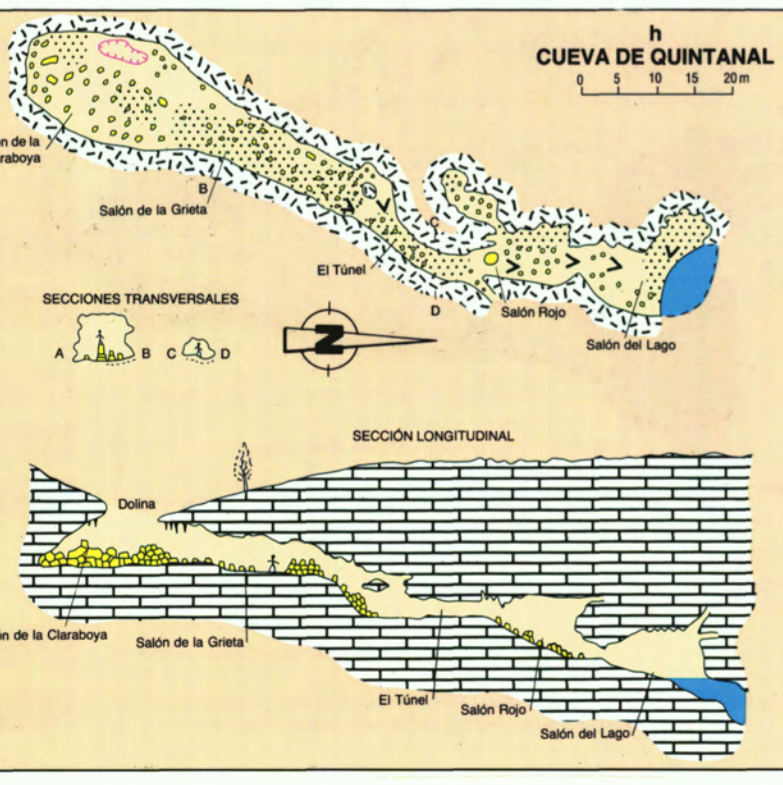
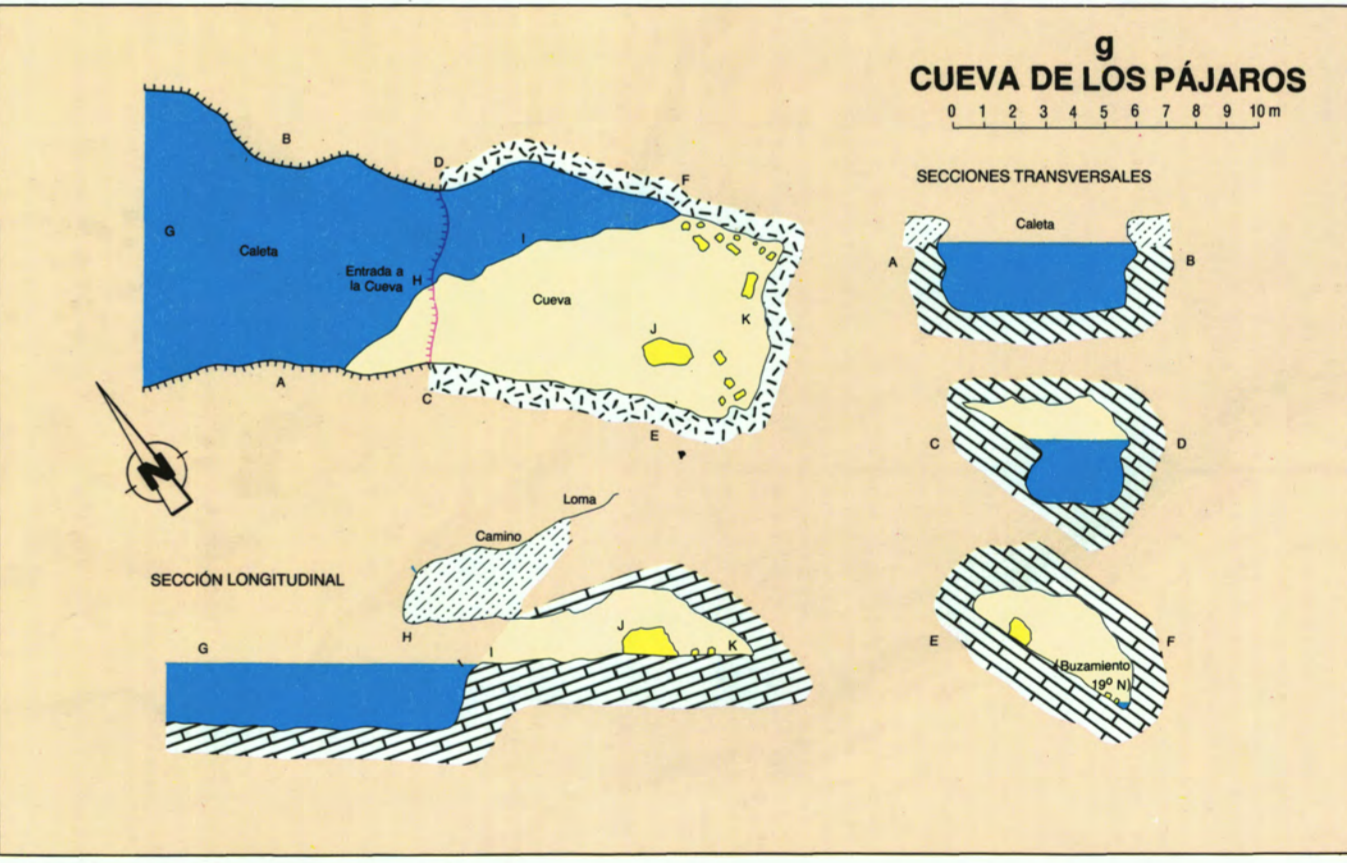
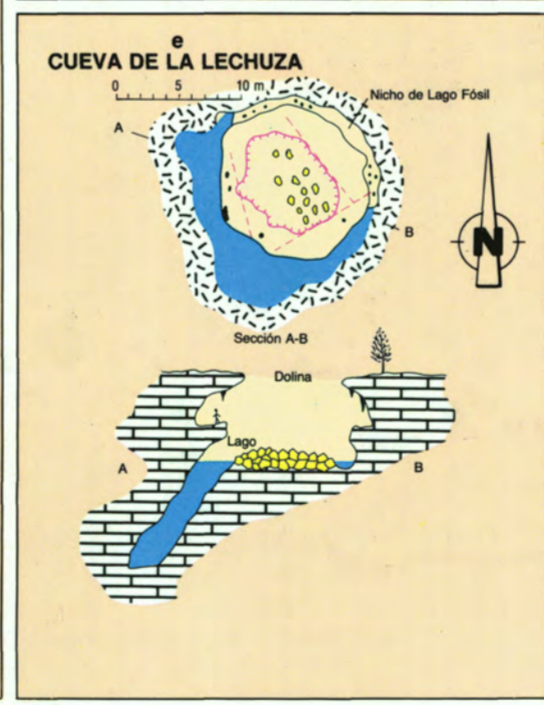
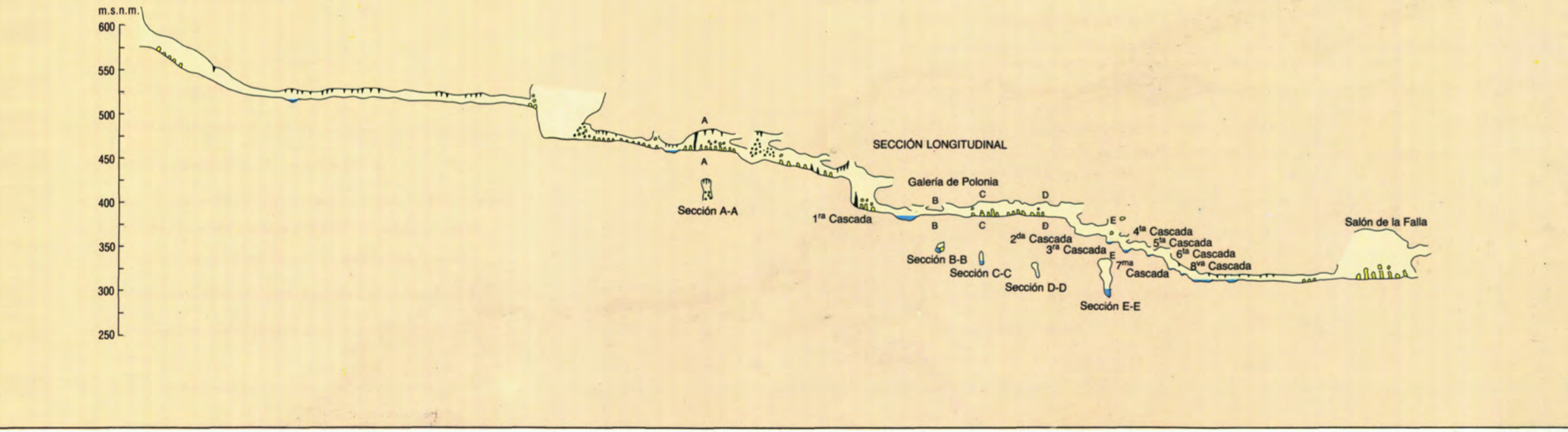
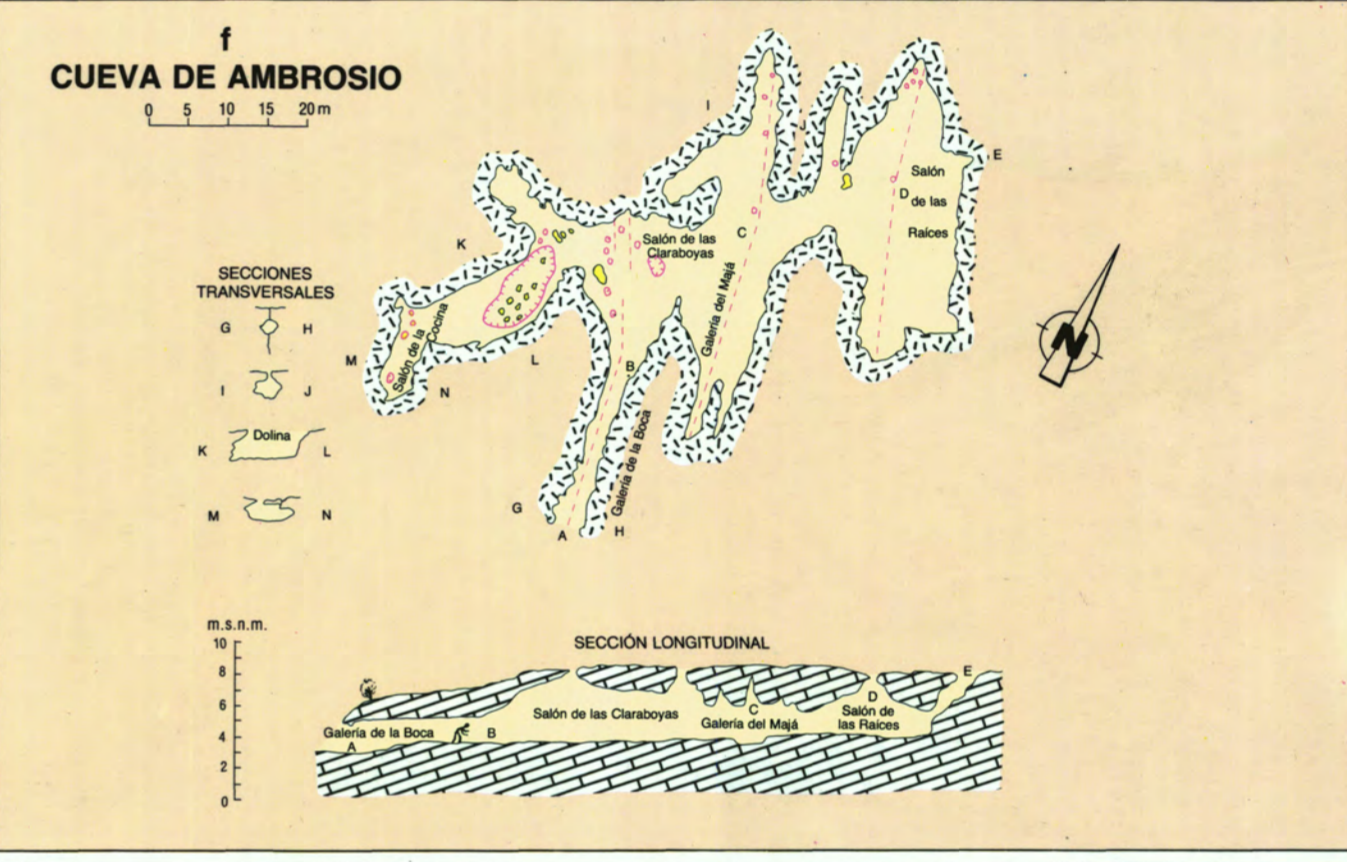
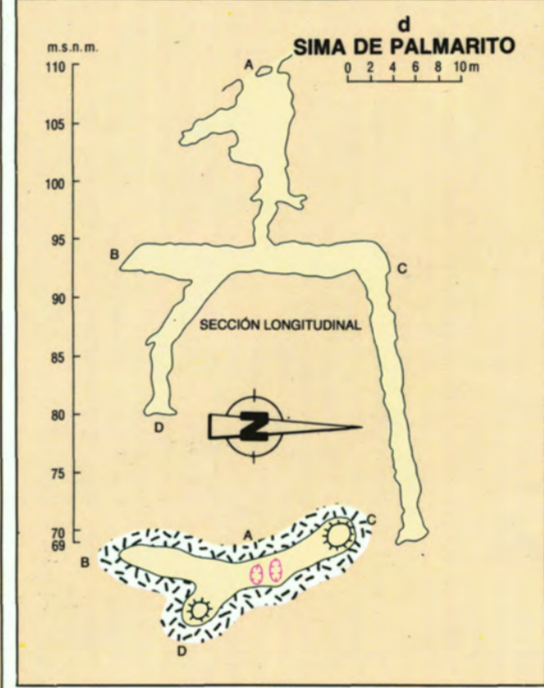
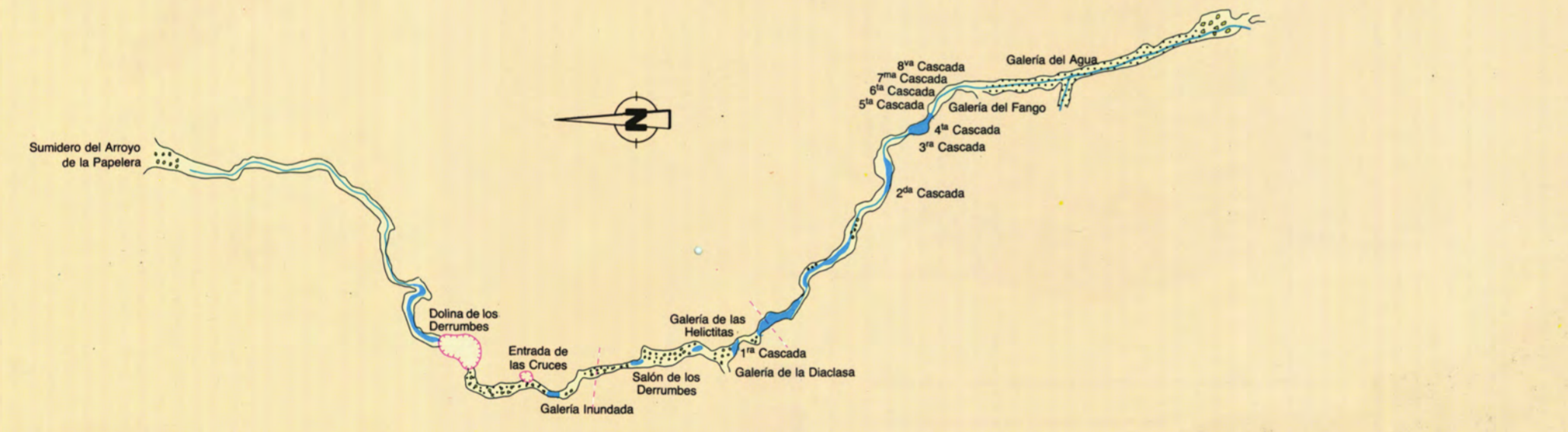
a CUEVA DEL PIRATA

0 10 20 30 40 50 m



ch CUEVA JÍBARA

0 25 50 75 100 125 150 m



- Pared
- Dolina
- Derrumbes
- Formaciones secundarias
- Lago Fossil
- Diacasa
- Tierra y arena
- Ladera de mogote
- Gours
- Pendiente
- Pendiente abrupta
- Acantilado que margina la caleta
- Conglomerado coralino
- Río e indicador de corriente
- Boca de cueva
- Caleta
- Lomas de guano de murciélago
- Galería superpuesta
- Guano de murciélago
- Formaciones «fungiformes»
- Mar